# **Chapter 10 - Measures of Central Tendency- Median and Mode**

## **Question 1**

The following series show marks in statistics of 9 students in class 11. Find the median marks.

Marks 22 16 18 1	8 15 19	17 20	23
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### Solution:

The data is first arranged in the ascending order:

S.no.	Marks
1	13
2	15
3	16
4	17
5	18
6	19
7	20
8	22
9	23
N = 9	

$$M \,=\, Size\, of\, \left(rac{N\,+1}{2}
ight) th\, item =\, Size\, of\, \left(rac{9\,+\,1}{2}
ight) th\, item$$

= Size of 5th item = 18

Hence, Median = 18

**Question 2:** The following table gives the marks obtained by some students. Calculate the median marks obtained by the students.

Marks	0-5	5-10	10-15	15-20	20-25	25-30	30-35	35-40	40-45
Number of students	6	12	17	30	10	10	8	5	2

### Solution:

Marks	Frequency (f)	Cumulative Frequency
0-5	6	6
5-10	12	18

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10-15	17	35(c.f.)
(/1)15-20	30 (f)	65
20-25	10	75
25-30	10	85
30-35	8	93
35-40	5	98
40-45	2	100
	= N = 100	

M = Size of  $\left(\frac{N}{2}\right) th \, item$ 

= Size of  $\left( rac{100}{2} 
ight) th \, item$  = Size of 50th item

50th item lies in 65th cumulative frequency and the corresponding median class is 15-20.

$$M = l1 + \frac{N/2 - c.f.}{f} \times i$$
  
=  $15 + \frac{100/2 - 35 \times 5}{30}$   
=  $15 + \frac{15 - 35}{30} \times 5 = 15 + \frac{15}{30 \times 5}$   
=  $15 + 2.5 = 17.5$ 

Median = 17.5 marks

Question 3: Find the mode from the following data:

8, 10, 5, 8, 12, 7, 8, 9, 11, 7

### Solution:

Arrange the series in an ascending order as:

5, 7, 7, 8, 8, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12

An inspection of the series shows that the values 8 occurs most frequency in the series.

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Hence, *Mode (Z) = 8* 

Question 4: Calculate the mode from the following data:

Wages (₹)	0-5	5-10	10-15	15-20	20-25	25-30	30-35
Number of workers	3	7	15	30	20	10	5
	,		,	-			

#### □ Solution:

Wages (₹)	Frequency (f)
0-5	3
5-10	7
10-15	15 ( <b>f0</b> )
(/I) 15-20	30 ( <i>f</i> 1)

	20-25	20 (f <b>2</b> )	
Ę	<sub>1</sub> 25-30	10	ļ
	30-35	5	

Since the series is regular, we may not do grouping for the location of the model group. By inspection, the modal class is 15-20.

$$\mathsf{Z} = h + \frac{f_{1-f_0}}{2f_{1-f_0-f_2}} \times i$$

Here, /1 = 15, /1 = 30, /0 = 15, /2 = 20, i = 5

Substituting the values, we get,

 $Z = 15 + rac{30\,15}{2(30) - 15 - 20} \, imes 5 = \, 15 + rac{15}{60 - 35} \, imes 5 = \, 15 + rac{15}{25} \, imes 5$  = 15+3=18

Thus, Mode = 18

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